Applicant: Meggiolan Application No.: 10/073,405

IN THE CLAIMS

(Currently amended) Method for fabricating a bicycle wheel hub,
comprising the following steps:

-providing an expandable core,

-applying a number of layers of structural fiber fabric incorporated in a plastic material matrix around the core to form a layered tubular body of predetermined shape and thickness around the core,

-arranging the core with the layered tubular body formed thereon in the cavity of a mold,

-increasing the temperature of the mold to a value sufficient to cause reticulation of the plastic material matrix,

-expanding the core due to the temperature increasing step, which applies a pressure on the tubular body against the inside the mold, and

-removing the tubular body from the mold and from the core, so as to obtain a bicycle hub formed of a single piece of structural fiber material;

wherein the layers of fabric on the core comprise one or more fabric strips that have cuttings on one at least one lateral edge thereof.

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2. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 1, wherein the

increase of temperature of the mold and the expansion of the core occur

substantially simultaneously.

3. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein the pressure on the

tubular body caused by said expanding step is substantially radial.

4. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 1, wherein a cooling

phase is provided before removal of the tubular body from the mold.

5. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 1, wherein the

expandable core is made of a synthetic material presenting a thermal dilation

coefficient exceeding 5x10-15 1/°C and a maximum continuous heat resistance equal

to at least 80°C, the expansion of the core being obtained through the dilation of the

material forming the core when the temperature of the mold is increased.

6. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 5, wherein the core

has a thermal dilation coefficient exceeding 9x10-5 1/°C and a maximum continuous

heat resistance temperature exceeding 100°C.

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7. (Original) Method according to claim 6, wherein the material forming

the core is either PTFE, or PCTFE, or PVDF, or PE-HD.

8. (Original) Method according to claim 7, wherein the material forming

the core is PTFE.

9. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 1, wherein said

structural fibers are selected among: carbon fibers, glass fibers, Kevlar fibers, or

any combinations thereof.

10. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein said plastic material

matrix is a thermosetting plastic material matrix.

11. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein said temperature is

comprised in the range from 80°C to 200°C.

12. (Original) Method according to claim 11, wherein said temperature is

maintained for a time comprised in the range from 10 minutes to three hours.

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13. (Original) Method according to claim 12, wherein said temperature is

maintained for a time comprised in the range from 30 minutes to three hours.

14. (Original) Method according to claim 1, wherein said core presents a

cylindrical central section and two wider diameter end sections.

15. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 1, wherein said core

consists of two separate, axially contiguous elements, with a contact plane

orthogonal to the axis of the core, in order to allow separation of the core from the

tubular body after extraction from the mold.

16. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 14, wherein also said

tubular body is formed so as to present a cylindrical central section and two

enlarged end sections.

17. (Original) Method according to claim 14, wherein said tubular body

presents a progressively increasing thickness from said central section towards the

ends.

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18. (Original) Method according to claim 14, wherein said tubular body

has a central part of substantially constant section, end parts with substantially

constant section, but larger that the central one and intermediate parts with

increasing sections.

19. (Previously presented) Method according to claim 15, wherein said two

elements forming the core incorporate two end ring flanges to axially limit the ends

of the pre-formed tubular body.

20-23. (Cancelled)

24. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 1, wherein the layers

of fabric on the core comprise one or more fabric strips wrapped around at least one

axially limited portion of the core, to confer thickness to the tubular body, as well as

a plurality of fabric plies extending along the core axis, to confer resistance in the

axial direction to the tubular body.

25. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 24 1, wherein at least

some of said strips have triangular cuttings on one at least one lateral edge thereof.

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26. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 24 1, wherein at least

some of said strips have extensions-triangular cuttings on both at least one lateral

edges thereof.

27. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 24 1, wherein at least

some of said strips have a combination of cuttings and extensions on at least one

lateral edge thereof.

28. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 25 27, wherein said

cuttings are triangular.

29. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 25 1, wherein said

cuttings are rectangular.

30. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 25 1, wherein said

cuttings are rectilinear.

31. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 24 1, wherein at least

some of said strips and at least some of said plies are applied on the core alternated

to each other.

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32. (Original) Method according to claim 31, wherein at least one of said strips is wrapped around each end portion of said core.

- 33. (Original) Method according to claim 31, wherein at least one of said strips is wrapped around an intermediate portion of said core.
- 34. (Original) Method according to claim 31, wherein at least some of said plies extend for the entire length of the core.
- 35. (Original) Method according to claim 31, wherein at least some of said plies cover the core only partly in the circumferential direction.
- 36. (Original) Method according to claim 35, wherein said plies are applied on different sides of the core for forming a complete layer on the core.
- 37. (Original) Method according to claim 36, wherein the plies are applied in pairs on diametrically opposite sides of the core.

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38. (Original) Method according to claim 37, wherein different pairs of plies are applied so as to be angularly spaced relative to each other on the core.

39. (Currently amended) Method according to claim 38, wherein two pairs of diametrically opposite plies are applied spaced by 90°C relative to each other.

40-45. (Canceled)

- 46. (Currently amended) Method for fabricating a bicycle wheel hub, comprising the following steps:
 - providing an expandable core,
- applying a number of layers of structural fiber fabric incorporated in a plastic material matrix around the core to form a layered tubular body of predetermined shape and thickness around the core,
- arranging the core with the layered tubular body formed thereon in the cavity of a mold,
- increasing the temperature of the mold to a value sufficient to cause reticulation of the plastic material matrix,
- expanding the core for applying a pressure on the tubular body inside the mould mold, and

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- removing the tubular body from the mold and from the core, so as to

obtain a bicycle hub formed of a single piece of structural fiber material,

wherein the expandable core is made of a synthetic material presenting a

thermal dilatation coefficient exceeding 5x10-15 1/°C and a maximum continuous

heat resistance equal to at least 80°C, the expansion of the core being obtained

through the dilation of the material forming the core when the temperature of the

mold is increased;

wherein the layers of fabric on the core comprise one or more fabric strips

that have cuttings on one at least one lateral edge thereof.

47. (Cancelled)

48. (Currently amended) Method for fabricating a bicycle wheel hub,

comprising the following steps:

providing a heat expandable core,

applying a number of layers of structural fiber fabric incorporated in a

plastic material matrix around the core to form a layered tubular body of

predetermined shape and thickness around the core,

- arranging the core with the layered tubular body formed thereon in the

cavity of a mold,

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- increasing the temperature of the mold to a value sufficient to cause

reticulation of the plastic material matrix,

expanding the core due to the increase in temperature for applying a

pressure on the tubular body inside the mold, and

removing the tubular body from the mold and from the core, so as to

obtain a bicycle hub formed of a single piece of structural fiber material,

wherein the layers of fabric on the core comprise one or more fabric strips

wrapped around at least one axially limited portion of the core, to confer thickness

to the tubular body, as well as a plurality of fabric plies extending along the core

axis, to confer resistance in the axial direction to the tubular body;

wherein the layers of fabric on the core comprise one or more fabric strips

that have cuttings on one at least one lateral edge thereof.

49. (Cancelled)

50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the core

comprises two end flanges.

51-53. (Cancelled)

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